| 1 | PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT AMENDMENTS |
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| 2 | 2013 GENERAL SESSION |
| 3 | STATE OF UTAH |
| 4 | Chief Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers |
| 5 | House Sponsor: Dean Sanpei |
| 6 | |
| 7 | LONG TITLE |
| 8 | General Description: |
| 9 | This bill amends the Pharmacy Practice Act. |
| 10 | Highlighted Provisions: |
| 11 | This bill: |
| 12 | deletes "extern" from Pharmacy Practice Act definitions; |
| 13 | amends the definition of "pharmaceutical wholesaler or distributor"; |
| 14 | amends the definition of "practice as a licensed pharmacy technician"; |
| 15 | amends pharmacy intern licensure qualifications; |
| 16 | amends pharmacy technician licensure qualifications; |
| 17 | • authorizes, under certain circumstances, the dispensing of one or more refills at the |
| 18 | time a legend drug prescription is dispensed; |
| 19 | clarifies that funds paid for certain refills dispensed at the time a prescription is |
| 20 | dispensed may not be recouped as the result of a pharmacy audit; |
| 21 | makes conforming amendments; and |
| 22 | makes technical changes. |
| 23 | Money Appropriated in this Bill: |
| 24 | None |
| 25 | Other Special Clauses: |
| 26 | None |
| 27 | Utah Code Sections Affected: |
| 28 | AMENDS: |
| 29 | 58-17b-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 265 and 320 |

| | S.B. 194 Enrolled Copy |
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| 30 | 58-17b-304 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 93 |
| 31 | 58-17b-305 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 93 |
| 32 | 58-17b-612 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 101 |
| 33 | 58-17b-622 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 265 |
| 34 | ENACTS: |
| 35 | 58-17b-608.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953 |
| 36 | |
| 37 | Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: |
| 38 | Section 1. Section 58-17b-102 is amended to read: |
| 39 | 58-17b-102. Definitions. |
| 40 | In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: |
| 41 | (1) "Administering" means: |
| 42 | (a) the direct application of a prescription drug or device, whether by injection, |
| 43 | inhalation, ingestion, or by any other means, to the body of a human patient or research subject |
| 44 | by another person; or |
| 45 | (b) the placement by a veterinarian with the owner or caretaker of an animal or group |
| 46 | of animals of a prescription drug for the purpose of injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other |
| 47 | means directed to the body of the animal by the owner or caretaker in accordance with written |
| 48 | or verbal directions of the veterinarian. |
| 49 | (2) "Adulterated drug or device" means a drug or device considered adulterated under |
| 50 | 21 U.S.C.S. Sec. 351 (2003). |
| 51 | (3) (a) "Analytical laboratory" means a facility in possession of prescription drugs for |
| 52 | the purpose of analysis. |
| 53 | (b) "Analytical laboratory" does not include a laboratory possessing prescription drugs |
| 54 | used as standards and controls in performing drug monitoring or drug screening analysis if the |
| 55 | prescription drugs are prediluted in a human or animal body fluid, human or animal body fluid |
| 56 | components, organic solvents, or inorganic buffers at a concentration not exceeding one |
| 57 | milligram per milliliter when labeled or otherwise designated as being for in vitro diagnostic |

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(4) "Animal euthanasia agency" means an agency performing euthanasia on animals by the use of prescription drugs.

- (5) "Automated pharmacy systems" includes mechanical systems which perform operations or activities, other than compounding or administration, relative to the storage, packaging, dispensing, or distribution of medications, and which collect, control, and maintain all transaction information.
- (6) "Beyond use date" means the date determined by a pharmacist and placed on a prescription label at the time of dispensing that indicates to the patient or caregiver a time beyond which the contents of the prescription are not recommended to be used.
- (7) "Board of pharmacy" or "board" means the Utah State Board of Pharmacy created in Section 58-17b-201.
- (8) "Branch pharmacy" means a pharmacy or other facility in a rural or medically underserved area, used for the storage and dispensing of prescription drugs, which is dependent upon, stocked by, and supervised by a pharmacist in another licensed pharmacy designated and approved by the division as the parent pharmacy.
- (9) "Centralized prescription processing" means the processing by a pharmacy of a request from another pharmacy to fill or refill a prescription drug order or to perform processing functions such as dispensing, drug utilization review, claims adjudication, refill authorizations, and therapeutic interventions.
- (10) "Class A pharmacy" means a pharmacy located in Utah that is authorized as a retail pharmacy to compound or dispense a drug or dispense a device to the public under a prescription order.
 - (11) "Class B pharmacy":
- (a) means a pharmacy located in Utah:
- 83 (i) that is authorized to provide pharmaceutical care for patients in an institutional 84 setting; and
 - (ii) whose primary purpose is to provide a physical environment for patients to obtain

health care services; and

- (b) (i) includes closed-door, hospital, clinic, nuclear, and branch pharmacies; and
 - (ii) pharmaceutical administration and sterile product preparation facilities.
- (12) "Class C pharmacy" means a pharmacy located in Utah that is authorized to engage in the manufacture, production, wholesale, or distribution of drugs or devices.
 - (13) "Class D pharmacy" means a nonresident pharmacy.
 - (14) "Class E pharmacy" means all other pharmacies.
 - (15) "Closed-door pharmacy" means a pharmacy that provides pharmaceutical care to a defined and exclusive group of patients who have access to the services of the pharmacy because they are treated by or have an affiliation with a specific entity, including a health maintenance organization or an infusion company, but not including a hospital pharmacy, a retailer of goods to the general public, or the office of a practitioner.
 - (16) "Collaborative pharmacy practice" means a practice of pharmacy whereby one or more pharmacists have jointly agreed, on a voluntary basis, to work in conjunction with one or more practitioners under protocol whereby the pharmacist may perform certain pharmaceutical care functions authorized by the practitioner or practitioners under certain specified conditions or limitations.
 - (17) "Collaborative pharmacy practice agreement" means a written and signed agreement between one or more pharmacists and one or more practitioners that provides for collaborative pharmacy practice for the purpose of drug therapy management of patients and prevention of disease of human subjects.
 - (18) (a) "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a limited quantity drug, sterile product, or device:
 - (i) as the result of a practitioner's prescription order or initiative based on the practitioner, patient, or pharmacist relationship in the course of professional practice;
 - (ii) for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale or dispensing; or
- (iii) in anticipation of prescription drug orders based on routine, regularly observed

prescribing patterns.

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- (b) "Compounding" does not include:
- 116 (i) the preparation of prescription drugs by a pharmacist or pharmacy intern for sale to 117 another pharmacist or pharmaceutical facility;
 - (ii) the preparation by a pharmacist or pharmacy intern of any prescription drug in a dosage form which is regularly and commonly available from a manufacturer in quantities and strengths prescribed by a practitioner; or
 - (iii) the preparation of a prescription drug, sterile product, or device which has been withdrawn from the market for safety reasons.
- (19) "Confidential information" has the same meaning as "protected health
 information" under the Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information,
 45 C.F.R. Parts 160 and 164.
 - (20) "Controlled substance" has the same definition as in Section 58-37-2.
- 127 (21) "Dietary supplement" has the same meaning as Public Law Title 103, Chapter 128 417, Sec. 3a(ff) which is incorporated by reference.
 - (22) "Dispense" means the interpretation, evaluation, and implementation of a prescription drug order or device or nonprescription drug or device under a lawful order of a practitioner in a suitable container appropriately labeled for subsequent administration to or use by a patient, research subject, or an animal.
- 133 (23) "Distribute" means to deliver a drug or device other than by administering or 134 dispensing.
- 135 (24) (a) "Drug" means:
 - (i) a substance recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, Official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or Official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or animals;
 - (ii) a substance that is required by any applicable federal or state law or rule to be dispensed by prescription only or is restricted to administration by practitioners only;

| 142 | (iii) a substance other than food intended to affect the structure or any function of the |
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| 143 | body of humans or other animals; and |
| 144 | (iv) substances intended for use as a component of any substance specified in |
| 145 | Subsections (24)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), and (iv). |
| 146 | (b) "Drug" does not include dietary supplements. |
| 147 | (25) "Drug product equivalent" means a drug product that is designated as the |
| 148 | therapeutic equivalent of another drug product in the Approved Drug Products with |
| 149 | Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations prepared by the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research |
| 150 | of the Federal Food and Drug Administration. |
| 151 | (26) "Drug regimen review" includes the following activities: |
| 152 | (a) evaluation of the prescription drug order and patient record for: |
| 153 | (i) known allergies; |
| 154 | (ii) rational therapy-contraindications; |
| 155 | (iii) reasonable dose and route of administration; and |
| 156 | (iv) reasonable directions for use; |
| 157 | (b) evaluation of the prescription drug order and patient record for duplication of |
| 158 | therapy; |
| 159 | (c) evaluation of the prescription drug order and patient record for the following |
| 160 | interactions: |
| 161 | (i) drug-drug; |
| 162 | (ii) drug-food; |
| 163 | (iii) drug-disease; and |
| 164 | (iv) adverse drug reactions; and |
| 165 | (d) evaluation of the prescription drug order and patient record for proper utilization, |
| 166 | including over- or under-utilization, and optimum therapeutic outcomes. |
| 167 | (27) "Drug sample" means a prescription drug packaged in small quantities consistent |
| 168 | with limited dosage therapy of the particular drug, which is marked "sample", is not intended to |
| 169 | be sold, and is intended to be provided to practitioners for the immediate needs of patients for |

170 trial purposes or to provide the drug to the patient until a prescription can be filled by the 171 patient. (28) "Electronic signature" means a trusted, verifiable, and secure electronic sound, 172 173 symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by 174 a person with the intent to sign the record. 175 (29) "Electronic transmission" means transmission of information in electronic form or 176 the transmission of the exact visual image of a document by way of electronic equipment. 177 [(30) "Extern" means a college of pharmacy student enrolled in a college coordinated 178 practical experience program in a health care setting under the supervision of a preceptor, as 179 defined in this act, and approved by a college of pharmacy. [(31)] (30) "Hospital pharmacy" means a pharmacy providing pharmaceutical care to 180 181 inpatients of a general acute hospital or specialty hospital licensed by the Department of Health 182 under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act. 183 [(32)] (31) "Legend drug" has the same meaning as prescription drug. 184 [(33)] (32) "Licensed pharmacy technician" means an individual licensed with the 185 division, that may, under the supervision of a pharmacist, perform the activities involved in the 186 technician practice of pharmacy. 187 [(34)] (33) "Manufacturer" means a person or business physically located in Utah 188 licensed to be engaged in the manufacturing of drugs or devices.

[(35)] (34) (a) "Manufacturing" means:

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- (i) the production, preparation, propagation, conversion, or processing of a drug or device, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical or biological synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container; and
 - (ii) the promotion and marketing of such drugs or devices.
- 196 (b) "Manufacturing" includes the preparation and promotion of commercially available 197 products from bulk compounds for resale by pharmacies, practitioners, or other persons.

| 198 | (c) "Manufacturing" does not include the preparation or compounding of a drug by a |
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| 199 | pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or practitioner for that individual's own use or the preparation, |
| 200 | compounding, packaging, labeling of a drug, or incident to research, teaching, or chemical |
| 201 | analysis. |
| 202 | [(36)] (35) "Medical order" means a lawful order of a practitioner which may include a |
| 203 | prescription drug order. |
| 204 | [(37)] (36) "Medication profile" or "profile" means a record system maintained as to |
| 205 | drugs or devices prescribed for a pharmacy patient to enable a pharmacist or pharmacy intern to |
| 206 | analyze the profile to provide pharmaceutical care. |
| 207 | [(38)] (37) "Misbranded drug or device" means a drug or device considered |
| 208 | misbranded under 21 U.S.C.S. Sec. 352 (2003). |
| 209 | [(39)] (38) (a) "Nonprescription drug" means a drug which: |
| 210 | (i) may be sold without a prescription; and |
| 211 | (ii) is labeled for use by the consumer in accordance with federal law. |
| 212 | (b) "Nonprescription drug" includes homeopathic remedies. |
| 213 | [(40)] (39) "Nonresident pharmacy" means a pharmacy located outside of Utah that |
| 214 | sells to a person in Utah. |
| 215 | [(41)] (40) "Nuclear pharmacy" means a pharmacy providing radio-pharmaceutical |
| 216 | service. |
| 217 | [(42)] (41) "Out-of-state mail service pharmacy" means a pharmaceutical facility |
| 218 | located outside the state that is licensed and in good standing in another state, that: |
| 219 | (a) ships, mails, or delivers by any lawful means a dispensed legend drug to a patient in |
| 220 | this state pursuant to a lawfully issued prescription; |
| 221 | (b) provides information to a patient in this state on drugs or devices which may |
| 222 | include, but is not limited to, advice relating to therapeutic values, potential hazards, and uses; |
| 223 | or |
| 224 | (c) counsels pharmacy patients residing in this state concerning adverse and therapeutic |
| 225 | effects of drugs. |

| $\left[\frac{(43)}{(42)}\right]$ "Patient counseling" means the written and oral communication by the |
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| pharmacist or pharmacy intern of information, to the patient or caregiver, in order to ensure |
| proper use of drugs, devices, and dietary supplements. |
| [(44)] (43) "Pharmaceutical administration facility" means a facility, agency, or |
| institution in which: |
| (a) prescription drugs or devices are held, stored, or are otherwise under the control of |
| the facility or agency for administration to patients of that facility or agency; |
| (b) prescription drugs are dispensed to the facility or agency by a licensed pharmacist |
| or pharmacy intern with whom the facility has established a prescription drug supervising |
| relationship under which the pharmacist or pharmacy intern provides counseling to the facility |
| or agency staff as required, and oversees drug control, accounting, and destruction; and |
| (c) prescription drugs are professionally administered in accordance with the order of a |
| practitioner by an employee or agent of the facility or agency. |
| [(45)] (44) (a) "Pharmaceutical care" means carrying out the following in collaboration |
| with a prescribing practitioner, and in accordance with division rule: |
| (i) designing, implementing, and monitoring a therapeutic drug plan intended to |
| achieve favorable outcomes related to a specific patient for the purpose of curing or preventing |
| the patient's disease; |
| (ii) eliminating or reducing a patient's symptoms; or |
| (iii) arresting or slowing a disease process. |
| (b) "Pharmaceutical care" does not include prescribing of drugs without consent of a |
| prescribing practitioner. |
| [(46)] (45) "Pharmaceutical facility" means a business engaged in the dispensing, |
| delivering, distributing, manufacturing, or wholesaling of prescription drugs or devices within |
| or into this state. |
| $\left[\frac{(47)}{(46)}\right]$ (a) "Pharmaceutical wholesaler or distributor" means a pharmaceutical |
| facility engaged in the business of wholesale vending or selling of [any] a prescription drug or |
| device to other than [the] a consumer or user of the prescription drug or device[, which] that |

| 254 | the pharmaceutical facility has not produced, manufactured, compounded, or dispensed. |
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| 255 | (b) "Pharmaceutical wholesaler or distributor" does not include a pharmaceutical |
| 256 | facility carrying out the following business activities: |
| 257 | (i) intracompany sales; |
| 258 | (ii) the sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug or device, or <u>an</u> offer to sell, |
| 259 | purchase, or trade a prescription drug or device, if the activity is carried out between one or |
| 260 | more of the following entities under common ownership or common administrative control, as |
| 261 | defined by division rule: |
| 262 | (A) hospitals [or other health care facilities that are under common ownership or |
| 263 | control of the management and operation of the facilities]; |
| 264 | (B) pharmacies; |
| 265 | (C) chain pharmacy warehouses, as defined by division rule; or |
| 266 | (D) other health care entities, as defined by division rule; |
| 267 | (iii) the sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug or device, or <u>an</u> offer to sell, |
| 268 | purchase, or trade a prescription drug or device, for emergency medical reasons, [or to supply |
| 269 | another] including supplying another pharmaceutical facility [to alleviate a temporary shortage; |
| 270 | or] with a limited quantity of a drug, if: |
| 271 | (A) the facility is unable to obtain the drug through a normal distribution channel in |
| 272 | sufficient time to eliminate the risk of harm to a patient that would result from a delay in |
| 273 | obtaining the drug; and |
| 274 | (B) the quantity of the drug does not exceed an amount reasonably required for |
| 275 | immediate dispensing to eliminate the risk of harm; |
| 276 | (iv) the distribution of a prescription drug or device as a sample by representatives of a |
| 277 | manufacturer[-]; and |
| 278 | (v) the distribution of prescription drugs, if: |
| 279 | (A) the dosage units distributed during a calendar year do not exceed five percent of |
| 280 | the sum of the dosage units distributed by the facility during the calendar year and the dosage |
| 201 | unite dispensed by the facility during the colendar year; and |

| 282 | (B) the distribution otherwise complies with 21 C.F.R. Sec. 1307.11. |
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| 283 | [(48)] (47) "Pharmacist" means an individual licensed by this state to engage in the |
| 284 | practice of pharmacy. |
| 285 | [(49)] (48) "Pharmacist-in-charge" means a pharmacist currently licensed in good |
| 286 | standing who accepts responsibility for the operation of a pharmacy in conformance with all |
| 287 | laws and rules pertinent to the practice of pharmacy and the distribution of drugs, and who is |
| 288 | personally in full and actual charge of the pharmacy and all personnel. |
| 289 | [(50)] (49) "Pharmacist preceptor" means a licensed pharmacist in good standing with |
| 290 | one or more years of licensed experience. The preceptor serves as a teacher, example of |
| 291 | professional conduct, and supervisor of interns in the professional practice of pharmacy. |
| 292 | [(51)] (50) "Pharmacy" means any place where: |
| 293 | (a) drugs are dispensed; |
| 294 | (b) pharmaceutical care is provided; |
| 295 | (c) drugs are processed or handled for eventual use by a patient; or |
| 296 | (d) drugs are used for the purpose of analysis or research. |
| 297 | [(52)] (51) "Pharmacy benefits manager or coordinator" means a person or entity that |
| 298 | provides pharmacy benefit management services as defined in Section 49-20-502 on behalf of a |
| 299 | self-insured employer, insurance company, health maintenance organization, or other plan |
| 300 | sponsor, as defined by rule. |
| 301 | [(53)] (52) "Pharmacy intern" means an individual licensed by this state to engage in |
| 302 | practice as a pharmacy intern. |
| 303 | [(54)] (53) "Pharmacy technician training program" means an approved technician |
| 304 | training program providing education for pharmacy technicians. |
| 305 | [(55)] (54) (a) "Practice as a licensed pharmacy technician" means engaging in practice |
| 306 | as a pharmacy technician under the general supervision of a licensed pharmacist and in |
| 307 | accordance with a scope of practice defined by division rule made in collaboration with the |
| 308 | board. |
| 309 | (b) "Practice as a licensed pharmacy technician" does not include: |

| (i) performing a drug utilization review, prescription drug order clarification from a |
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| prescriber, final review of the prescription [and prescribed drug prepared for dispensing], |
| dispensing of the drug, or counseling a patient with respect to a prescription drug; |
| (ii) except as permitted by rules made by the division in consultation with the board, |
| final review of a prescribed drug prepared for dispensing; |
| [(iii)] (iii) counseling regarding nonprescription drugs and dietary supplements unless |
| delegated by the supervising pharmacist; or |
| [(iii)] (iv) receiving new prescription drug orders when communicating telephonically |
| or electronically unless the original information is recorded so the pharmacist may review the |
| prescription drug order as transmitted. |
| [(56)] (55) "Practice of pharmacy" includes the following: |
| (a) providing pharmaceutical care; |
| (b) collaborative pharmacy practice in accordance with a collaborative pharmacy |
| practice agreement; |
| (c) compounding, packaging, labeling, dispensing, administering, and the coincident |
| distribution of prescription drugs or devices, provided that the administration of a prescription |
| drug or device is: |
| (i) pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner when one is required by law; and |
| (ii) in accordance with written guidelines or protocols: |
| (A) established by the licensed facility in which the prescription drug or device is to be |
| administered on an inpatient basis; or |
| (B) approved by the division, in collaboration with the board and the Physicians |
| Licensing Board, created in Section 58-67-201, if the prescription drug or device is to be |
| administered on an outpatient basis solely by a licensed pharmacist; |
| (d) participating in drug utilization review; |
| (e) ensuring proper and safe storage of drugs and devices; |
| (f) maintaining records of drugs and devices in accordance with state and federal law |
| and the standards and ethics of the profession; |

| 338 | (g) providing information on drugs or devices, which may include advice relating to |
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| 339 | therapeutic values, potential hazards, and uses; |
| 340 | (h) providing drug product equivalents; |
| 341 | (i) supervising pharmacist's supportive personnel, pharmacy interns, and pharmacy |
| 342 | technicians; |
| 343 | (j) providing patient counseling, including adverse and therapeutic effects of drugs; |
| 344 | (k) providing emergency refills as defined by rule; |
| 345 | (l) telepharmacy; and |
| 346 | (m) formulary management intervention. |
| 347 | [(57)] (56) "Practice of telepharmacy" means the practice of pharmacy through the use |
| 348 | of telecommunications and information technologies. |
| 349 | [(58)] (57) "Practice of telepharmacy across state lines" means the practice of |
| 350 | pharmacy through the use of telecommunications and information technologies that occurs |
| 351 | when the patient is physically located within one jurisdiction and the pharmacist is located in |
| 352 | another jurisdiction. |
| 353 | [(59)] (58) "Practitioner" means an individual currently licensed, registered, or |
| 354 | otherwise authorized by the appropriate jurisdiction to prescribe and administer drugs in the |
| 355 | course of professional practice. |
| 356 | [(60)] (59) "Prescribe" means to issue a prescription: |
| 357 | (a) orally or in writing; or |
| 358 | (b) by telephone, facsimile transmission, computer, or other electronic means of |
| 359 | communication as defined by division rule. |
| 360 | [(61)] (60) "Prescription" means an order issued: |
| 361 | (a) by a licensed practitioner in the course of that practitioner's professional practice or |
| 362 | by collaborative pharmacy practice agreement; and |
| 363 | (b) for a controlled substance or other prescription drug or device for use by a patient |
| 364 | or an animal. |
| 365 | [(62)] (61) "Prescription device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, |

| contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent, or other similar or related article, and any component |
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| part or accessory, which is required under federal or state law to be prescribed by a practitioner |
| and dispensed by or through a person or entity licensed under this chapter or exempt from |
| licensure under this chapter. |
| [(63)] (62) "Prescription drug" means a drug that is required by federal or state law or |
| rule to be dispensed only by prescription or is restricted to administration only by practitioners. |
| [(64)] (63) "Retail pharmacy" means a pharmaceutical facility dispensing prescription |
| drugs and devices to the general public. |
| [(65)] (64) "Self-audit" means an internal evaluation of a pharmacy to determine |
| compliance with this chapter. |
| [(66)] (65) "Supervising pharmacist" means a pharmacist who is overseeing the |
| operation of the pharmacy during a given day or shift. |
| [(67)] (66) "Supportive personnel" means unlicensed individuals who: |
| (a) may assist a pharmacist, pharmacist preceptor, pharmacy intern, or licensed |
| pharmacy technician in nonjudgmental duties not included in the definition of the practice of |
| pharmacy, practice of a pharmacy intern, or practice of a licensed pharmacy technician, and as |
| those duties may be further defined by division rule adopted in collaboration with the board; |
| and |
| (b) are supervised by a pharmacist in accordance with rules adopted by the division in |
| collaboration with the board. |
| [(68)] (67) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-17b-501. |
| [(69)] (68) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and |
| 58-17b-502 and may be further defined by rule. |
| [(70)] (69) "Veterinary pharmaceutical facility" means a pharmaceutical facility that |
| dispenses drugs intended for use by animals or for sale to veterinarians for the administration |
| for animals. |
| Section 2. Section 58-17b-304 is amended to read: |

58-17b-304. Qualifications for licensure of pharmacy intern.

| 394 | An applicant for licensure as a pharmacy intern shall: |
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| 395 | (1) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division; |
| 396 | (2) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; |
| 397 | (3) produce satisfactory evidence of good moral character as it relates to the applicant's |
| 398 | ability to practice pharmacy; |
| 399 | (4) complete a criminal background check and be free from criminal convictions as |
| 400 | described in Section 58-1-501; |
| 401 | (5) have no physical or mental condition of a nature which prevents the applicant from |
| 402 | engaging in the practice of pharmacy with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to the |
| 403 | public; |
| 404 | (6) meet the preliminary educational qualifications required by division rule made in |
| 405 | collaboration with the board; and |
| 406 | (7) meet one of the following educational criteria: |
| 407 | (a) be a current pharmacy student, a resident, or fellow in a program approved by |
| 408 | division rule made in collaboration with the board; or |
| 409 | [(b) have graduated and received a pharmacy degree from a school or college of |
| 410 | pharmacy which is accredited by the Accreditation Council on Pharmacy Education but not |
| 411 | completed the internship hours required by division rule for licensure as a pharmacist; or] |
| 412 | [(c)] (b) have graduated from a foreign pharmacy school and received certification of |
| 413 | equivalency from a credentialing agency approved by division rule made in collaboration with |
| 414 | the board. |
| 415 | Section 3. Section 58-17b-305 is amended to read: |
| 416 | 58-17b-305. Qualifications for licensure of pharmacy technician. |
| 417 | (1) An applicant for licensure as a pharmacy technician shall: |
| 418 | (a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division; |
| 419 | (b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; |
| 420 | (c) produce satisfactory evidence of good moral character as it relates to the applicant's |
| 421 | ability to practice pharmacy; |

| 422 | (d) complete a criminal background check and be free from criminal convictions as |
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| 423 | described in Section 58-1-501; |
| 424 | (e) have no physical or mental condition of a nature which prevents the applicant from |
| 425 | engaging in practice as a pharmacy technician with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to |
| 426 | the public; |
| 427 | (f) have completed a [board approved] program and curriculum of education and |
| 428 | training, meeting standards established by division rule made in collaboration with the board; |
| 429 | and |
| 430 | (g) successfully complete the examinations requirement within the time periods |
| 431 | established by division rule made in collaboration with the board. |
| 432 | (2) A pharmacist whose license has been denied, revoked, suspended, or restricted for |
| 433 | disciplinary purposes is not eligible to be a licensed pharmacy technician while on probation |
| 434 | with the division. |
| 435 | Section 4. Section 58-17b-608.1 is enacted to read: |
| 436 | 58-17b-608.1. Refills of legend drug prescriptions. |
| 437 | If a prescription for a legend drug includes authorization for one or more refills, a |
| 438 | pharmacist or pharmacy intern may dispense one or more of the refills at the time the drug is |
| 439 | dispensed, if: |
| 440 | (1) the drug is not a controlled substance; |
| 441 | (2) the prescription does not include "Dispense quantity written," or some other |
| 442 | notation having similar meaning; |
| 443 | (3) the total dosage units dispensed, including the units for both the prescription and |
| 444 | any refills, do not exceed a 100-day supply; and |
| 445 | (4) in the professional judgment of the pharmacist or pharmacy intern the refill, or |
| 446 | refills, should be dispensed at the time the prescription is dispensed. |
| 447 | Section 5. Section 58-17b-612 is amended to read: |
| 448 | 58-17b-612. Supervision Pharmacist-in-charge. |
| | |

450 pharmacy, or class E pharmacy, shall be under the general supervision of at least one 451 pharmacist licensed to practice in Utah. One pharmacist licensed in Utah shall be designated 452 as the pharmacist-in-charge, whose responsibility it is to oversee the operation of the pharmacy. 453 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection [58-17b-102(66)] <u>58-17b-102(65)</u>, a supervising 454 pharmacist does not have to be in the pharmacy or care facility but shall be available via a 455 telepharmacy system for immediate contact with the supervised pharmacy technician or 456 pharmacy intern if: 457 (i) the pharmacy is located in: 458 (A) a remote rural hospital, as defined in Section 26-21-13.6; or 459 (B) a clinic located in a remote rural county with less than 20 people per square mile; 460 (ii) the supervising pharmacist described in Subsection (1)(a) is not available; and 461 (iii) the telepharmacy system maintains records and files quarterly reports as required 462 by division rule to assure that patient safety is not compromised. 463 (2) Each out-of-state mail service pharmacy shall designate and identify to the division 464 a pharmacist holding a current license in good standing issued by the state in which the 465 pharmacy is located and who serves as the pharmacist-in-charge for all purposes under this 466 chapter. 467 Section 6. Section **58-17b-622** is amended to read: 468 58-17b-622. Pharmacy benefit management services -- Auditing of pharmacy 469 records -- Appeals. 470 (1) For purposes of this section: 471 (a) "Audit" means a review of the records of a pharmacy by or on behalf of an entity 472 that finances or reimburses the cost of health care services or pharmaceutical products. (b) "Entity" includes: 473 474 (i) a pharmacy benefits manager or coordinator; 475 (ii) a health benefit plan; 476 (iii) a third party administrator as defined in Section 31A-1-301; 477 (iv) a state agency; or

| 478 | (v) a company, group, or agent that represents, or is engaged by, one of the entities |
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| 479 | described in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iv). |
| 480 | (c) "Fraud" means an intentional act of deception, misrepresentation, or concealment in |
| 481 | order to gain something of value. |
| 482 | (d) "Health benefit plan" means: |
| 483 | (i) a health benefit plan as defined in Section 31A-1-301; or |
| 484 | (ii) a health, dental, medical, Medicare supplement, or conversion program offered |
| 485 | under Title 49, Chapter 20, Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program Act. |
| 486 | (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), this section applies to: |
| 487 | (i) a contract for the audit of a pharmacy entered into, amended, or renewed on or after |
| 488 | July 1, 2012; and |
| 489 | (ii) an entity that conducts an audit of the pharmacy records of a pharmacy licensed |
| 490 | under this chapter. |
| 491 | (b) This section does not apply to an audit of pharmacy records: |
| 492 | (i) for a federally funded prescription drug program, including: |
| 493 | (A) the state Medicaid program; |
| 494 | (B) the Medicare Part D program; |
| 495 | (C) a Department of Defense prescription drug program; |
| 496 | (D) a Veteran's Affairs prescription drug program; or |
| 497 | (ii) when fraud or other intentional and willful misrepresentation is alleged and the |
| 498 | pharmacy audit entity has evidence that the pharmacy's actions reasonably indicate fraud or |
| 499 | intentional and willful misrepresentation. |
| 500 | (3) (a) An audit that involves clinical or professional judgment shall be conducted by |
| 501 | or in consultation with a licensed pharmacist who is employed by or working with the auditing |
| 502 | entity. |
| 503 | (b) If an audit is conducted on site at a pharmacy, the entity conducting the audit: |
| 504 | (i) shall give the pharmacy 10 days advanced written notice of: |
| 505 | (A) the audit; and |

| 506 | (B) the range of prescription numbers or a date range included in the audit; and |
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| 507 | (ii) may not audit a pharmacy during the first five business days of the month, unless |
| 508 | the pharmacy agrees to the timing of the audit. |
| 509 | (c) An entity may not audit claims: |
| 510 | (i) submitted more than 18 months prior to the audit, unless: |
| 511 | (A) required by federal law; or |
| 512 | (B) the originating prescription is dated in the preceding six months; or |
| 513 | (ii) that exceed 200 selected prescription claims. |
| 514 | (4) (a) An entity may not: |
| 515 | (i) include dispensing fees in the calculations of overpayments unless the prescription |
| 516 | is considered a misfill; |
| 517 | (ii) recoup funds for prescription clerical or recordkeeping errors, including |
| 518 | typographical errors, scrivener's errors, and computer errors on a required document or record |
| 519 | unless the audit entity is alleging fraud or other intentional or willful misrepresentation and the |
| 520 | audit entity has evidence that the pharmacy's actions reasonably indicate fraud or intentional |
| 521 | and willful misrepresentation; [or] |
| 522 | (iii) recoup funds for refills dispensed in accordance with Section 58-17b-608.1, unless |
| 523 | the health benefit plan does not cover the prescription drug dispensed by the pharmacy; or |
| 524 | [(iii)] (iv) collect any funds, charge-backs, or penalties until the audit and all appeals |
| 525 | are final, unless the audit entity is alleging fraud or other intentional or willful |
| 526 | misrepresentation and the audit entity has evidence that the pharmacy's actions reasonably |
| 527 | indicate fraud or intentional and willful misrepresentation. |
| 528 | (b) Auditors shall only have access to previous audit reports on a particular pharmacy |
| 529 | if the previous audit was conducted by the same entity except as required for compliance with |
| 530 | state or federal law. |
| 531 | (5) A pharmacy subject to an audit may use the following records to validate a claim |
| 532 | for a prescription, refill, or change in a prescription: |
| 533 | (a) electronic or physical copies of records of a health care facility, or a health care |

provider with prescribing authority; and

- (b) any prescription that complies with state law.
- (6) (a) An entity that audits a pharmacy shall provide the pharmacy with a preliminary audit report, delivered to the pharmacy or its corporate office of record within 60 days after completion of the audit.
- (b) A pharmacy has 30 days following receipt of the preliminary audit report to respond to questions, provide additional documentation, and comment on and clarify findings of the audit. Receipt of the report shall be based on the postmark date or the date of a computer transmission if transferred electronically.
- (7) If an audit results in the dispute or denial of a claim, the entity conducting the audit shall allow the pharmacy to resubmit a claim using any commercially reasonable method, including fax, mail, or electronic claims submission provided that the period of time when a claim may be resubmitted has not expired under the rules of the plan sponsor.
- (8) (a) Within 120 days after the completion of the appeals process under Subsection (9), a final audit report shall be delivered to the pharmacy or its corporate office of record.
- (b) The final audit report shall include a disclosure of any money recovered by the entity that conducted the audit.
- (9) An entity that audits a pharmacy shall establish a written appeals process for appealing a preliminary audit report and a final audit report, and shall provide the pharmacy with notice of the written appeals process. If the pharmacy benefit manager's contract or provider manual contains the information required by this Subsection (9), the requirement for notice is met.